

Fusion Temperature Control Overview

The DDI Fusion Temperature Controller controls a component's temperature through a heating or cooling element. Feedback is provided through an external sensor. Each loop can control a single element, and multiple loops may use the same sensor input. The maximum number of loops in the system is 64. For each loop one RxPDO (7nnE) and one TxPDO (6nnE) describe the default mapping. An additional SDO index (8nnE) is present for loop configuration. The number of loops is selected by setting the *Number of Control Loops* in the Device Information object (Index 0x2000, SubIndex 16).

General Setup

1. While the Fusion is in Pre-Operational Mode set desired number of control loops (Index 0x2000, SubIndex 16). Note: Depending on your EtherCAT master configuration you may need to remove and re-add the Fusion to the EtherCAT network after this step.
2. For each controller perform the following minimum configuration of the 0x8nnE object:
 1. Set Input Index setting (subindex 1)
 2. Set Output Index setting (subindex 2)
 3. Set Sensor Type (subindex 3)
 4. Set Units of Measure (subindex 5)
 5. Set Safe State action (subindex 8)
 - If safe state action set to 2, then set Standby Setpoint (subindex 12)
 6. Set Process Scale high (subindex 9) in accordance with the Sensor Type and Units of Measure. Note: this step can be skipped if the sensor type is a TC or RTD.
 7. Set Process Scale low (subindex 10) in accordance with the Sensor Type and Units of Measure. Note: this step can be skipped if the sensor type is a TC or RTD.
 8. Set Output Mode (subindex 30)
 - If Output Mode is "PWM" then set Output Cycle Time (subindex 11)
 9. Set Proportional Band (subindex 19)
 10. Set Integrator Time (subindex 20)
 11. Set Derivative Time (subindex 21)
3. If Alarms are used set the relevant settings in each 0x8nnE object
4. If limits are required set the relevant limits in each 0x8nnE object
 - Use of Setpoint High Limit and Setpoint Low Limit is encouraged
5. Save controller configuration by sending "save" (0x73, 0x61, 0x76, 0x65, 0x00) to the *Store Parameters Object* (Index 0xFBF2, SubIndex 1) so that setup will be remembered on subsequent power cycles.

Operation

After setup is complete the device is ready to be used. To activate the control loop the device must be placed into Operate Mode and the TxPDO (Ecat Main to Fusion) data is used to manage the controller. The device reports the operating status in the RxPDO (Fusion to Ecat Main) data. The PDO descriptions are below followed by the configuration SDO (0x8nnE).

Temp Control TxPDO Object Description

Index: 0x6nnE

SubIndex	Datatype	TempControl (inputs)	Temp Control Loop
0x01	BOOL	Control State	Indicates if the control loop is active. 0: Off 1: Running
0x02	BIT2	Control Mode	Current mode of the control loop 0: Auto (PID Ctrl) 1: Manual 2: Auto (On-Off/Bang-Bang Ctrl) 3: Autotune is running
0x03	BIT3	Tune State	Returns information about this loop's tuning progress 0: Not tuned since power-up 1: Tune in progress 2: Tune completed successfully 3: Tune failed and terminated 4-7: Reserved
0x04	pad_6		
0x05	BIT1	New message in diagnosis history	NOTE: Unused. See Fusion object 0x10F3 for diagnostic data
0x06	BIT1	TxPdoState	Indicates that this module is reporting correctly 0=OK 1=Module Fault
0x07	BIT2	Input Cycle Counter	Passthrough of the Output Cycle Counter, can be used to determine if the slave is synchronous with the master
0x08	REAL	Process value	This is the measured value (PV) of the loop. If in error return +Infinity.

SubIndex	Datatype	TempControl (inputs)	Temp Control Loop
0x09	REAL	Manipulated Value	Total output control signal as a percentage of heating/cooling capacity –100.0 to +100.0%. Fusion does not directly support heaters so value will range from 0-100
0x0A	REAL	Heat Manipulated Value	NOTE: Not used. Reserved for future use. Heat output control signal 0.0-100.0%
0x0B	REAL	Controlling Set Point	Controller auto setpoint in use when Control Mode is set to Auto
0x0C	UINT	Alarm Condition	1 bit per alarm Bit 0: Alarm 1 Condition Occurring Bit 1: Alarm 2 Condition Occurring Bit 2..15: Reserved for Future Use

Temp Control TxPDO Object Description

Index: 0x7nnE

SubIndex	Datatype	TempControl (outputs)	Temp Control Loop
0x01	BOOL	Control State	0=Off: Set output off. 1=On: Activate controller.
0x02	BIT2	Control Mode	Current mode of the control loop 0: Auto (PID Ctrl) 1: Manual 2: Auto (On-Off/Bang-Bang Ctrl) 3: Reserved. If a 3 is received the Fusion it will default to PID control.
0x03	pad_11		
0x04	BIT2	Output Cycle Counter	NOTE: Unused by subdevice, passed back through to master Incremented by the master with each cycle. The slave can determine if the master sends process data before the SyncSignal occurs
0x05	REAL	Target set point	Set point set by the user's system. Units match the Units of Measure setting in 8nnE subindex 5.
0x06	REAL	Forced Manipulated Value	User set output percent power in manual Mode. Range is 0.0 to 100.0

Temp Control Module Configuration Object Description

Index: 0x8nnE

SubIndex	Data Type	Access	Name	Default	Description
0x01	UINT	rw	Input Index Setting	0	Analog input index offset. Select which analog input to use as the PV input for the controller. The index can be obtained by looking at the 0x3nn1.06 module information channel low setting and using that as a channel offset for the module. For example, if you want to use the 3 rd input channel on the 8 th module you would read 0x3071.06. If the value read from 0x3071.06 was 48 the input index setting for the temperature controller would be 50: 48+3-1 (subtract off 1 because channels are 0-indexed). In FW v1.15.3 and greater : Invalid settings which do not map to a usable input channel will cause the temperature controller to report positive infinity to ensure the controller will not overdrive any heater output.
0x02	UINT	rw	Output Index Setting	65535	Digital output index offset that will be driven by the temperature controller output. The index can be obtained by looking at the 0x3nn1.06 module information channel low setting and using that as a channel offset for the module. For example, if you want to use the 2 nd output channel on the 1 st module you would read 0x3001.06. If the value read from 0x3001.06 was 8 the input index setting for the temperature controller would be 9: 8+2-1 (subtract off 1 because channels are 0-indexed)

SubIndex	Data Type	Access	Name	Default	Description
0x03	USINT	rw	Sensor Type	6	Type of sensor being measured 0: TC 1: RTD100 2: RTD1000 3: 4-20mA 4: 0-20mA 5: 0-10V 6: -10-10V 7-255 Reserved. Behave as type 6
0x04	USINT	rw	TC Type	0	NOTE: Not used. TC type is determined automatically based in the input index setting selected. Thermocouple Type 0: K 1: J 2: T 3: E 5: R 6: S 7: B 8-255 reserved
0x05	USINT	rw	Units of Measure	0	Sets the units of measure for the PV value 0: Celsius 1: Fahrenheit 2: Process
0x06	USINT	rw	Alarm 1 Enable	0	0=Off 1=Enabled 2-255=Future use
0x07	USINT	rw	Alarm 2 Enable	0	0=Off 1=Enabled 2-255=Future use

SubIndex	Data Type	Access	Name	Default	Description
0x08	USINT	rw	Safe State Action	0	The control behavior in the safe state 0: Control State = OFF 1: Control State = ON, Control Mode = AUTO, Controlling Set Point = Target Set Point 2: Control State = ON, Control Mode = AUTO, Controlling Set Point = Standby Set Point 3: Control State = ON, Control Mode = MANUAL, Manipulated Value = Forced MV 4: Operate as configured 5-255: Reserved. Will behave as action 4
0x09	REAL	rw	Process Scale High	0	When the sensor type is set to a process input (0-20mA, 4-20mA, 0-10V, -10-10V) this is the Process Value that will correspond to the electrical signal input signal at its upper range. For example, if the sensor is -10-10V, the Process will take this reading when the input is +10V. The Process Value is scaled linearly between the upper and lower values.
0x0A	REAL	rw	Process Scale Low	0	If the sensor type is set to a process input (0-20mA, 4-20mA, 0-10V, -10-10V) this is the Process Value that will correspond to the electrical signal input signal at its lower range. For example, if the sensor is -10-10V, the Process will take this reading when the input is -10V. The Process Value is scaled linearly between the upper and lower values.
0x0B	REAL	rw	Output Cycle Time	0	The output cycling time in seconds. Must be set to allow partial power output in PWM mode (i.e. any power that is not 0 or 100)

SubIndex	Data Type	Access	Name	Default	Description
0x0C	REAL	rw	Standby Set Point	0	A set point used for standby situations. This is the standby setpoint used by safe state option 2.
0x0D	REAL	rw	Setpoint High Limit	Infinity	Upper bound for the Target and Standby Set Points
0x0E	REAL	rw	Setpoint Low Limit	-Infinity	The low bound for the Target and Standby Set Points
0x0F	REAL	rw	PV Bias	0	An offset adjustment of the Process Value(PV). Units match the Units of Measure setting
0x10	REAL	rw	MV High Limit	Infinity	High bound of the Manipulated Value (MV) This will also limit the output MV in Auto/Closed Loop mode. Range +-100.0.
0x11	REAL	rw	MV Low Limit	-Infinity	Low bound of the Manipulated Value(MV) This will also limit the output MV in Auto/Closed Loop mode. Range: +-100.0
0x12	REAL	rw	On-Off dead band	0	Hysteresis band for bang-bang control
0x13	REAL	rw	Proportional band	0	Proportional Band for the primary loop. When the error is outside this range the system will drive the output to the maximum duty cycle as limited by the MV High Limit setting. Units match Units of Measure setting.
0x14	REAL	rw	Integral	0	Integral Time in seconds for the primary loop
0x15	REAL	rw	Derivative	0	Derivative Time in seconds for the primary loop
0x16	REAL	rw	Alarm 1 SP High	0	High alarm trip point for the first alarm
0x17	REAL	rw	Alarm 1 SP Low	0	Low alarm trip point for the first alarm

SubIndex	Data Type	Access	Name	Default	Description
0x18	REAL	rw	Alarm 1 SP Limit High	Infinity	Upper bound of Alarm 1 SP
0x19	REAL	rw	Alarm 1 SP Limit Low	-Infinity	Lower bound of Alarm 1 SP
0x1A	REAL	rw	Alarm 2 SP High	0	High alarm trip point for the second alarm
0x1B	REAL	rw	Alarm 2 SP Low	0	Low alarm trip point for the second alarm
0x1C	REAL	rw	Alarm 2 SP Limit High	Infinity	Upper bound of Alarm 2 SP
0x1D	REAL	rw	Alarm 2 SP Limit Low	-Infinity	Lower bound of Alarm 2 SP
0x1E	USINT	rw	Output Mode	0	Type of output: 0: True PWM output 1: 50Hz Zero Cross mode. The output will be on or off in 20ms increments 2: 60Hz Zero Cross mode. The output will be on or off in 16.6ms increments 3: "Universal" Zero Cross mode. The output will be on or off in 100ms increments. 4-255: reserved. Will behave as PWM output.